Hoosier National Forest
Early Successional Habitat Areas – Mifflin Tract

**Combining Prescribed Fire With Native Plants**

- These early successional habitat areas are maintained by mowing, tilling, using seed-drills and prescribed fire.

- The use of prescribed fire on a 2-4 year rotation stimulates native grasses and wildflowers, reduces fuel loading, and improves habitat for local species.

- Areas like this one are managed for wildlife species such as quail, turkey and songbirds.

- Much of the work performed here is completed by volunteers and Forest partners listed below.

- The wildflowers planted here are an important source for pollinators, such as native bees and butterflies. Enjoy this area for hunting, hiking, and wildlife or wildflower viewing.