

USDA Forest Service

URBAN FOREST CONNECTIONS

webinar series

Second Wednesdays | 1:00 – 2:15 pm ET

www.fs.fed.us/research/urban-webinars



Forest Service
Urban Natural Resources Stewardship

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REKINDLING THE FOREST IN OUR CITY: A STORY OF RESEARCH, RESPONSIBILITY, AND CARE



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**Natural Areas
Conservancy**

**Rekindling The Forest In Our City:
A Story Of Research, Responsibility And Care**

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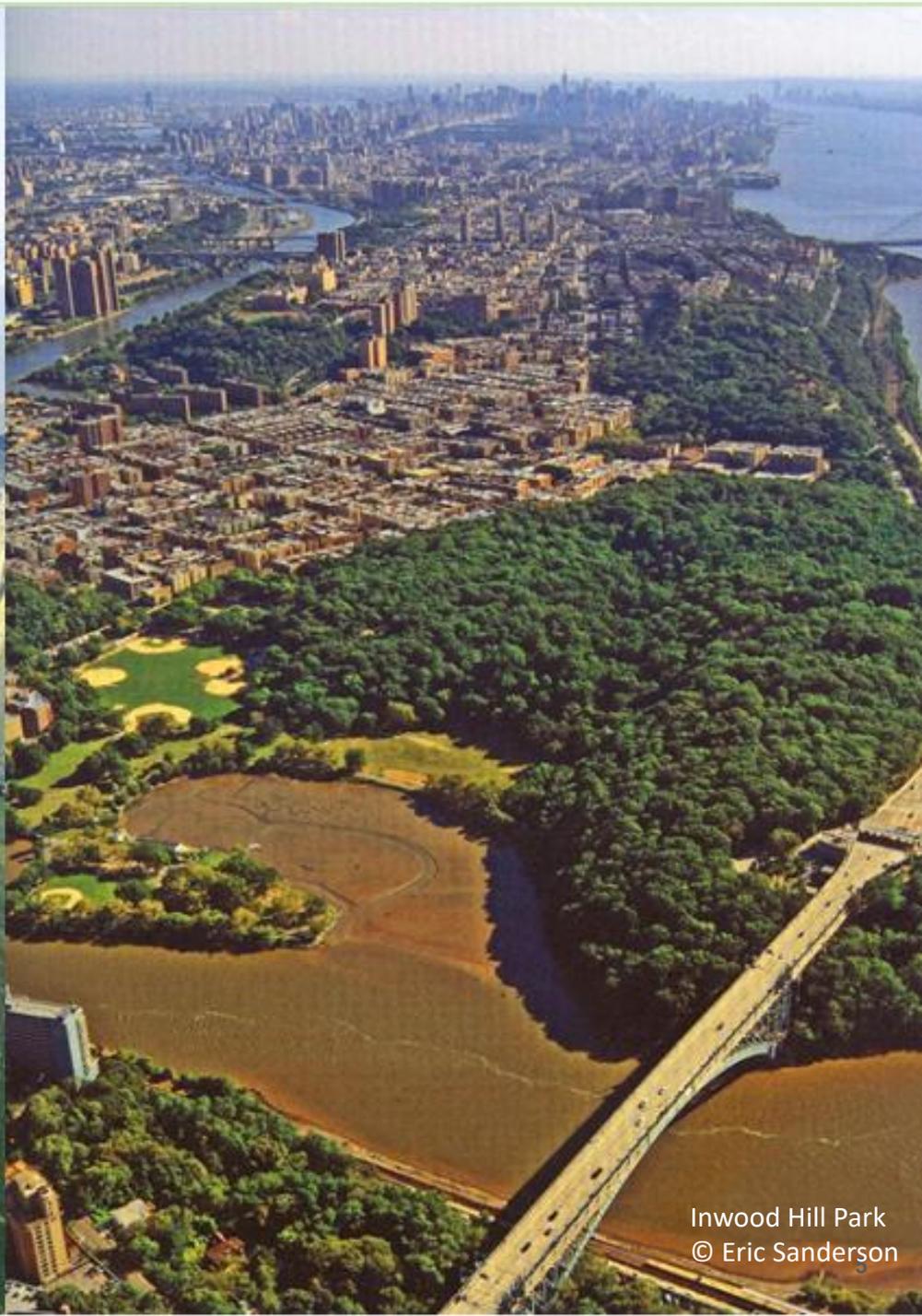
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Natural Areas
Conservancy

Lower Manhattan
© Eric Sanderson



Inwood Hill Park
© Eric Sanderson



Van Cortlandt Park, Bronx



Alley Pond Park, Queens



Cunningham Park, Queens



Alley Pond Park, Queens



Inwood Hill Park, Manhattan



Inwood Hill Park, Manhattan



Pelham Bay Park, Bronx



Kissena Corridor Park, Queens



LaTourette Park, Staten Island

History of forest management in NYC





What is the condition and distribution of nature in NYC?



How are New Yorkers experiencing nature?



How should we improve degraded forests and wetlands?



How can we ensure that our natural areas are resilient to climate change?



FIGURE 2

NYC's Land Cover: 40.5% of NYC Is Green



Source: Natural Areas Conservancy Ecological Covertypes Map⁷

FIGURE 3

NYC's Natural Areas: 11.6% of NYC's Land Cover Is Natural Areas



Source: Natural Areas Conservancy Ecological Covertypes Map⁸

Healthy, but declining forests

A dynamic system - 76% of forest canopy is native, 63% of midstory and 71% of all tree seedlings

A diverse community – Over 750 plant species and 62 unique vegetation associations

Threatened by deer browse observed in 53% of plots citywide and in 81% of all plots in Staten Island

Impacted by trash – Estimated 273 acres of trash in our forest

Regeneration is varied - 20% of Northern Hardwood stands have no native seedlings and 36% of Successional stands have no native seedlings

Invasive plants are prevalent - 80% of our forests have at least one invasive plant



Social perceptions

Well-managed forests are more welcoming.

Parks provide well-being.

50% of New Yorkers reported recreating only in NYC parkland.



Forest Management Framework for New York City

Forests Are Healthy



People Benefit from Forests



Forests Are Supported



Framework for forest health and threat

Health

- Native trees in the canopy, midstory and seedling layer
- Native species richness
- Coarse woody debris volume
- Leaf litter depth

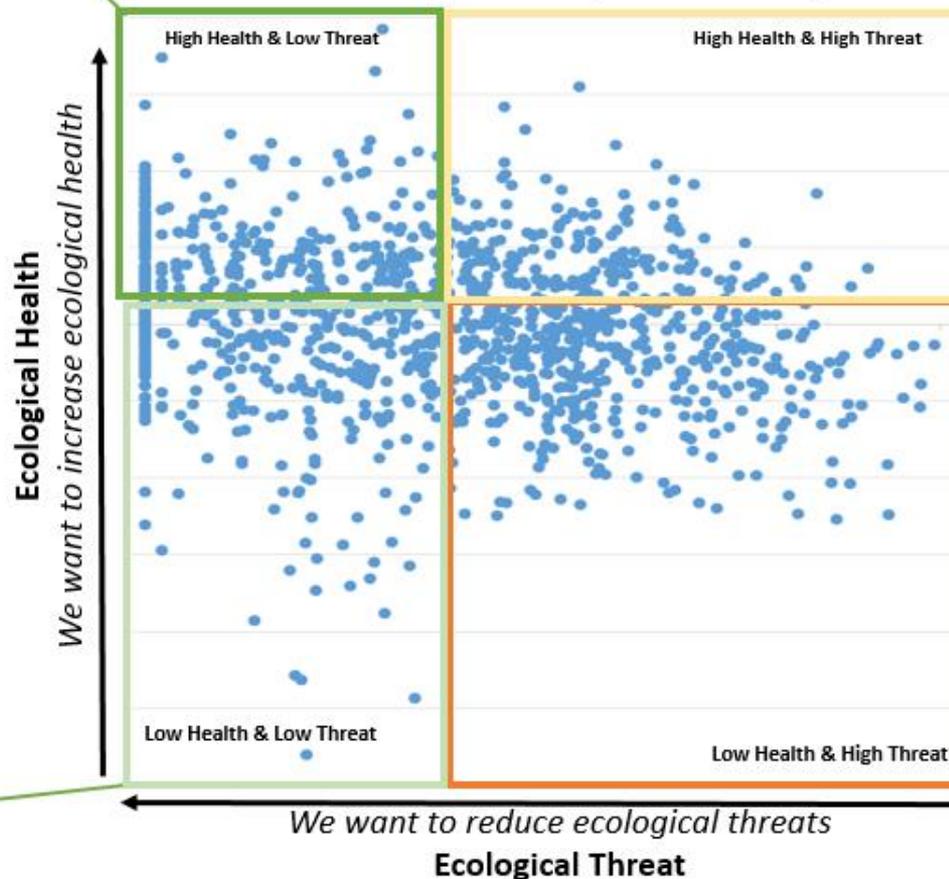
Threats

- Cover of invasive exotic herbaceous species in the understory
- Invasive woody seedlings, midstory and canopy trees.
- Invasive vines climbing on trees
- Trash & dumping



Forest Condition Matrix

Using an index for ecological health and ecological threat we represent the condition of NYC's forest along a gradient so that they can be understood and compared to one another. Each point in the matrix below represents a single plot point where data was collected in the field. The data was combined into an index that represents ecological health and ecological threat.



Forests in this category are the highest quality. Monitoring is required to ensure that quality remains high and we protect them.



Forests in this category have minimal threats but desired health attributes such as structure and composition metrics are not met. Management can be used to accelerate the transition into high health but monitoring over time with little intervention could also result in improved health.



Forests in this category contain many of the attributes of a high quality forest, for example native canopy, but at the same time also contain many of the attributes of a highly threatened forest, for example invasive understory. Management intervention of these forests could be critical to ensure invasive species don't overcome the healthy components of these forests.



Forests in this category are the most degraded in NYC. They are categorized as high threat and are likely dominated by invasive non-native species. Intensive management interventions are needed.



Forest Condition Drives Management Strategy and Cost



Forest Restoration

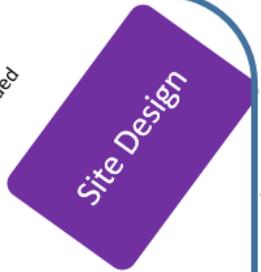
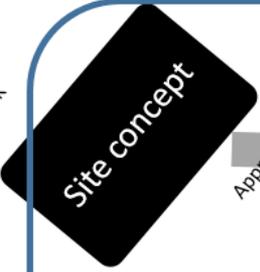


Forest Management



Forest Monitoring and Maintenance

Forest Restoration (Contractor)	Forest Restoration (In-House)	Forest Management	Forest Monitoring & Maintenance
\$42,076	\$6,078	\$2,074 (in-house) \$28,500 (volunteer)	\$1,037



THINGS TO CONSIDER IN SITE SELECTION:

Contractor (5-15 acres)

- Restitution funding
- Grant funding or match
- Adjacency to or overlap with prior investment
- Reference EA data for plots in highest threat category

In-house (0.5-5 acres)

- Adjacency to prior investment
- Target invasive species of interest/seed source control
- Grant
- Reference EA data for plots in low to med threat category

Stewardship

- FR team suggests work to dovetail with other projects
- Use EA queries developed for stewardship sites

Log of potential sites

- GOAL
- TIMELINE
- MAP
- CONSTRAINTS (i.e. permits)
- BUDGET

- Update log of potential sites with decision
- Shapefile
- Site design narrative
- Rough EE (contractor sites)

RAPID SITE ASSESSMENT

- Fill out RSA checklist
- Analyze checklist data to categorize site condition
- Use key and associated protocol to identify target ecological community
- Hone in on tree and shrub palette

- Updated Site Design shapefile (target community and site condition)
- Detailed RSA data storage?

- Invasive plant removal
- Debris removal
- Trail closure or formalization
- Volunteer engagement
- All actions documented in Tracking Database

TDB markups

- Project completion
- Includes seeding
- Trail formalization
- Volunteer engagement
- Planting occurs here (climate-adapted palettes)

Shapefile of planted area

RAPID SITE ASSESSMENT

- Fill out RSA checklist
- Analyze checklist data to reclassify site condition
- Occurs within one year of planting
- Annually or biannually thereafter (replace past planting site inspections)

Updated planting area shapefile (site condition at time of monitoring)





THINGS TO CONSIDER IN SITE SELECTION:

Contractor (5-15 acres)

- Restitution funding
- Grant funding or match
- Adjacency to or overlap with prior investment
- Reference EA data for plots in highest threat category

In-house (0.5-5 acres)

- Adjacency to prior investment
- Target invasive species of interest/seed source control
- Grant
- Reference EA data for plots in low to med threat category

Stewardship

- FR team suggests work to dovetail with other projects
- Use EA queries developed for stewardship sites



Log of potential sites



Quercus palustris or *Liriodendron tulipifera* are associates in the overstory..... 7

7a. Non-native trees dominant and/or co-dominant in the overstory or midstory..... 8

8a. Low diversity and low density understory..... 9

9a. *Phellodendron amurense* present in the canopy or understory. *Phellodendron amurense* Ruderal Forest (Amur Corktree Ruderal Forest).....CEGL009006

9b. *Alnus glutinosa* present in the canopy or understory. *Alnus glutinosa* Ruderal Forest (European Alder Ruderal Forest)CEGL009003

8b. Dense understory of shrubs, vines, herbs 10

10a. Tree seeds wind dispersed as a winged seed or fruit or as tiny seeds with tufts of long white hairs attached 11

11a. Non-native trees are maples (*Acer*) 12

12a. *Acer platanoides* present in the canopy or understory. *Acer platanoides* Ruderal Forest (Norway Maple Ruderal Forest)CEGL006407

12b. *Acer pseudoplatanus* present in the canopy or understory. *Acer pseudoplatanus* Ruderal Forest (Sycamore Maple Ruderal Forest).....CEGL009001

11b. Non-native trees are other species (not *Acer*) with wind-dispersed seeds..... 13

13a. Seed a samara, species are *Ulmus pumila* or *Ailanthus altissima* 14

14a. Non-native species is *Ailanthus*. *Ailanthus altissima* Ruderal Forest (Tree-of-Heaven Ruderal Forest).....CEGL007191

14b. Non-native species is *Ulmus pumila*. *Ulmus pumila* Ruderal Forest (Siberian Elm Ruderal Forest).....CEGL009007

13b. Seed with tufts of white hairs, species is *Populus alba*. *Populus (tremuloides, grandidentata) - Betula (populifolia, papyrifera)* Ruderal Woodland (Early-Successional Aspen - Birch Woodland) CEGL006303

25a. *Carya*, *Liriodendron*, or *Fagus* in overstory, midstory, understory, and/or in additional species list 26

26a. *Carya* or *Liriodendron* or *Fagus* in overstory and/or midstory (Ideally 2-3 stems of these species are >30 cm dbh) 27

27a. *Liriodendron* in overstory and/or midstory..... 28

28a. *Acer saccharum*, *Nyssa sylvatica*, *Betula lenta*, *Tilia americana*, and/or *Lindera benzoin* found in the plot. *Quercus rubra - Acer saccharum - Liriodendron tulipifera* Forest (Oak-Tulip Tree Forest)CEGL006125

28b. *Fagus grandifolia*, *Liquidambar styraciflua*, *Sassafras albidum*, *Ilex opaca*, and/or *Vaccinium corymbosum* more common than the species noted above. *Fagus grandifolia - Quercus (alba, rubra) - Liriodendron tulipifera / (Ilex opaca var. opaca)* ForestCEGL006075

27b. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot..... 29

29a. *Carya* in overstory and/or midstory and > *Fagus*. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot (e.g., 1 stem in midstory). Ideally *Carya* is dominant or co-dominant in overstory and/or midstory. *Viburnum acerifolium* and *Cornus florida* are indicators when present. *Liquidambar styraciflua* often present. *Quercus (alba, rubra, velutina) - Carya spp. / Viburnum acerifolium* Forest (Coastal Oak-Hickory Forest).....CEGL006336

29b. *Fagus* in overstory and/or midstory and > *Carya*. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot. Ideally *Fagus* is dominant or co-dominant in overstory and/or midstory. *Fagus grandifolia - Quercus alba - Quercus rubra* Forest (Coastal Oak-Beech Forest)CEGL006377

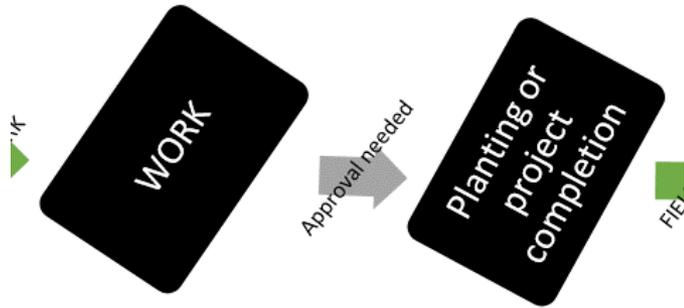
26b. *Carya*, *Liriodendron*, and *Fagus* absent from overstory and midstory, but present in understory and/or in additional spp. list..... 30

30a. *Liriodendron* in understory and/or in additional spp. list. *Carya* and *Fagus* may be present. *Lindera benzoin*, *Tilia americana*, *Carya cordiformis*, and *Acer saccharum* are indicators when present. *Quercus rubra - Acer saccharum - Liriodendron tulipifera* Forest (Oak-Tulip Tree Forest)CEGL006125

30b. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot..... 31

31a. *Carya* in understory and/or in additional spp. list and > *Fagus*. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot (e.g., 1 stem in midstory). *Viburnum acerifolium* and *Cornus florida* are indicators when present. *Liquidambar styraciflua* often present. *Quercus (alba, rubra, velutina) - Carya spp. / Viburnum acerifolium* Forest (Coastal Oak-Hickory Forest) CEGL006336

31b. *Fagus* in understory and/or in additional spp. list and > *Carya*. *Liriodendron* absent or negligible in plot (e.g., 1 stem in midstory). *Fagus grandifolia - Quercus alba - Quercus rubra* Forest (Coastal Oak-Beech Forest).....CEGL006377



- Invasive plant removal
- Debris removal
- Trail closure or formalization
- Volunteer engagement
- All actions documented in Tracking Database

- Project completion
- Includes seeding
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- Planting occurs here (climate-adapted palettes)

TDB markups

Shapefile of planted area



Forest Management Framework for New York City

Forests Are Healthy



People Benefit from Forests



Forests Are Supported



Central Park
Manhattan

840 acres



**Central Park
Conservancy**

Prospect
Park
Brooklyn

585 acres

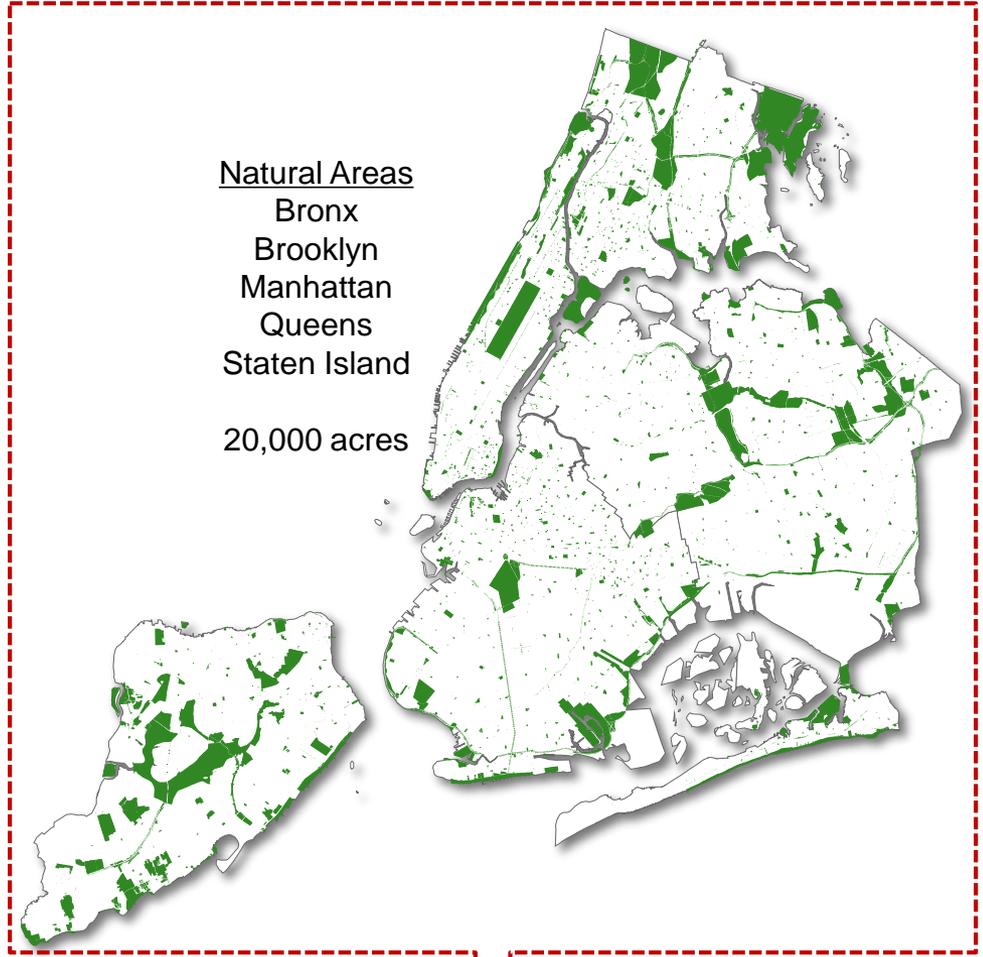


**Prospect Park
Alliance**

Natural Areas

Bronx
Brooklyn
Manhattan
Queens
Staten Island

20,000 acres



Natural Areas Conservancy

Forests Are Healthy



People Benefit from Forests



Forests Are Supported



Forest Management Framework for New York City

Forest Management Framework for NYC

Healthy forest that is fully supported socially and financially.

- Biological health - comprehensive management
- Recreation, volunteerism, and green jobs

Goal: 100% Active Management

Requires \$385 million over 25 years

www.naturalareasnyc.org/forests



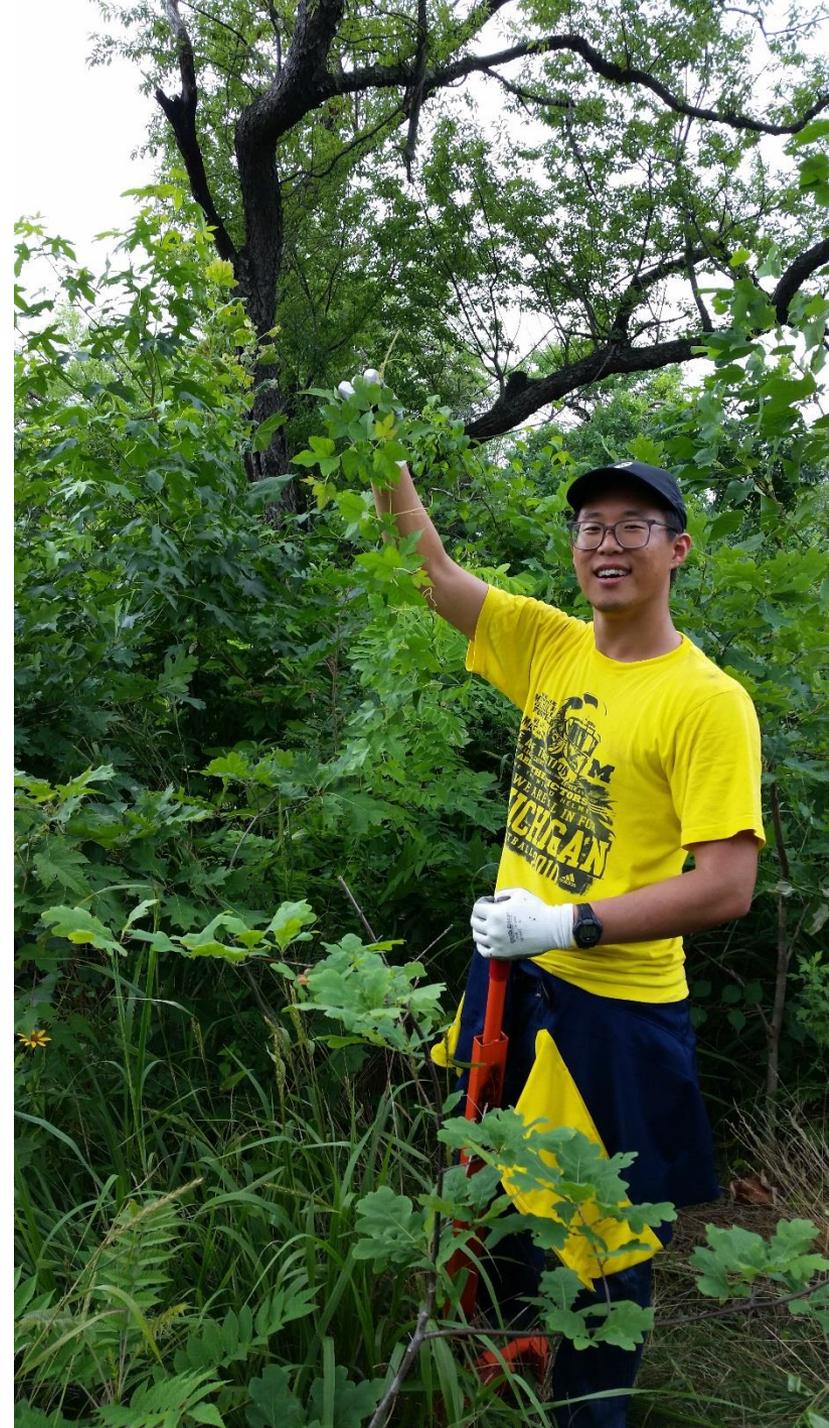
Advocating for Increased Investment

State of Good Repair – ¼ of NYC Parkland is natural forests that are insufficiently managed

Equity – Investing in trails would offer many people new forms of recreation and enjoyment of nature.

Climate Resilience – NYC's forests are critical to protecting us from climate change. 5 million of NYC's 7 million trees are in natural forests.

Investment is Needed – NYC's natural forests are at a tipping point. Increased management is needed.

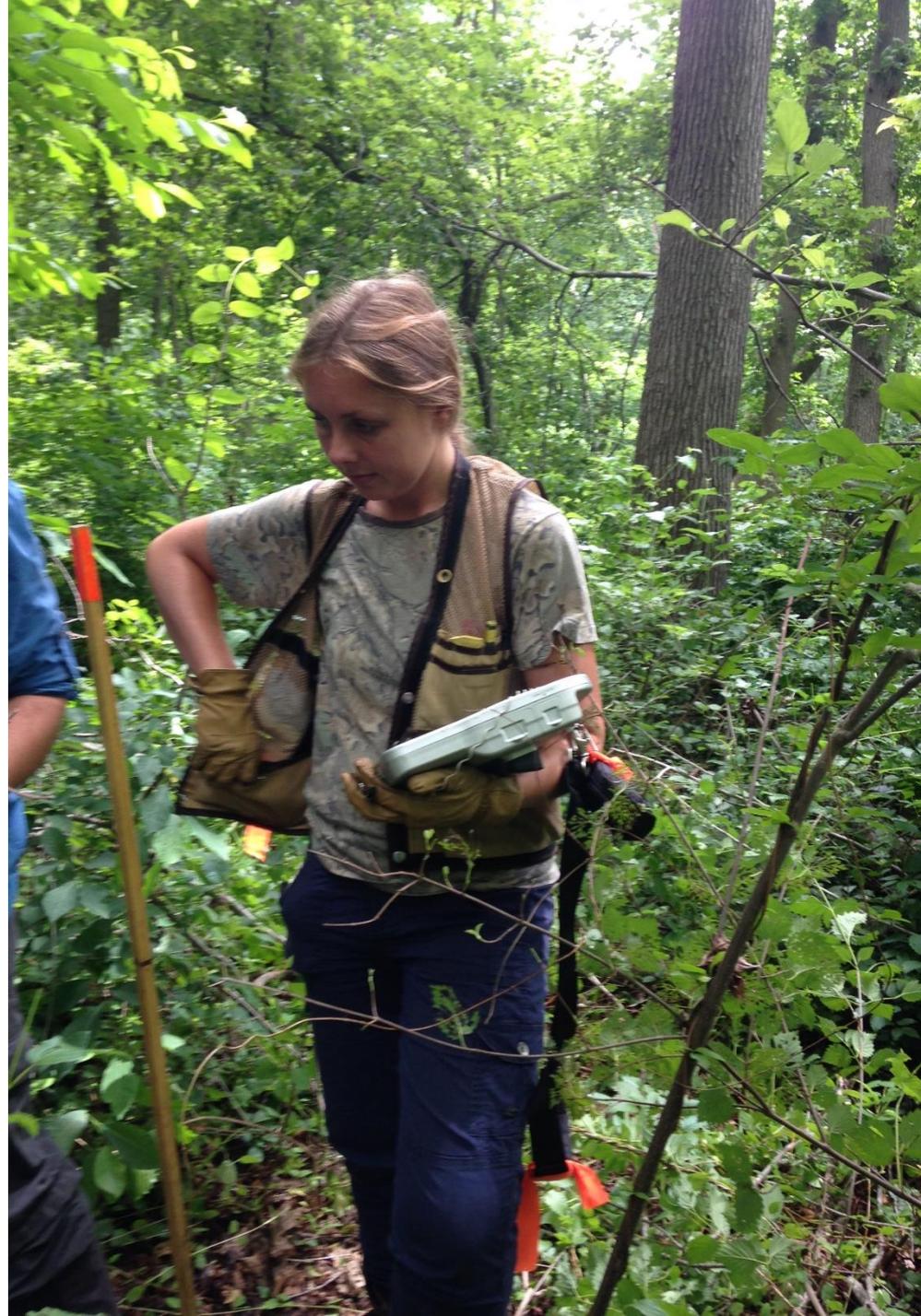


From Planning to Action

Implementation by NYC Parks

NYC Parks has adopted Forest Management Framework. Including:

- Pre/post monitoring of all restoration and management activities
- Proactive site selection
- Estimate costs of future projects based on citywide model



Conservancy Engagement

- Align the work of individual conservancies with goals of NYC Parks and Framework
- Develop 5-year management goals for each park
- Create a list of priority restoration projects (including a locator map, project description and cost estimate)
- Train staff in monitoring protocol and data management
- Worked with Prospect Park Alliance and Forest Park Trust in 2018.



Adapting to Climate Change

Climate Impacts Addressed

Increased temperature

Stronger storms

Increased drought

Project Results

Tool to assist foresters to select climate adapted species



Making Nature Accessible: Trails

- Create new recreation opportunities
- Job training + volunteerism
- Increase forest health
- Formalize 5 trails per year



Beyond New York City

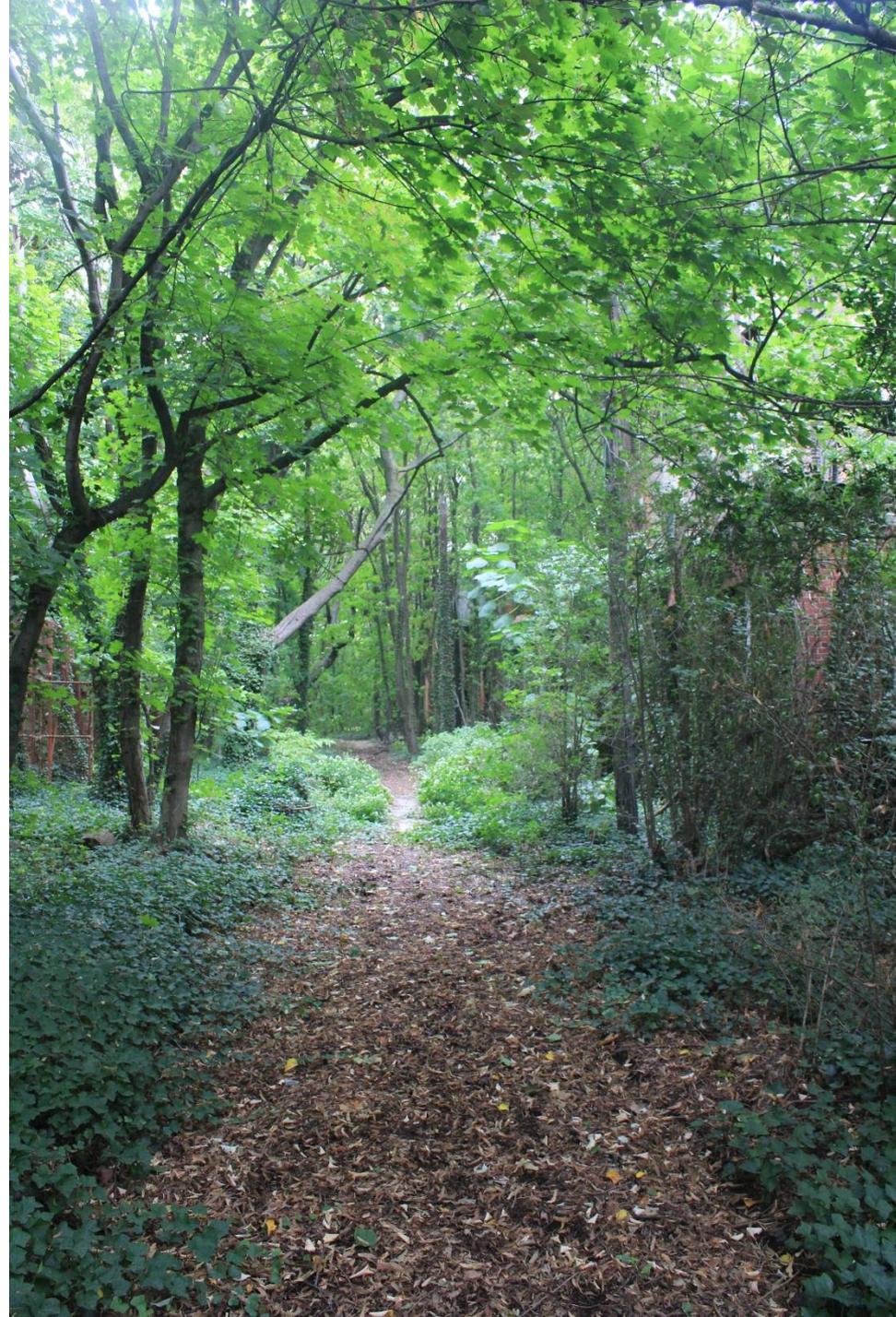
Importance of Urban Forests in Addressing Climate Change

Extreme heat kills more people than hurricanes, flooding and storms combined.

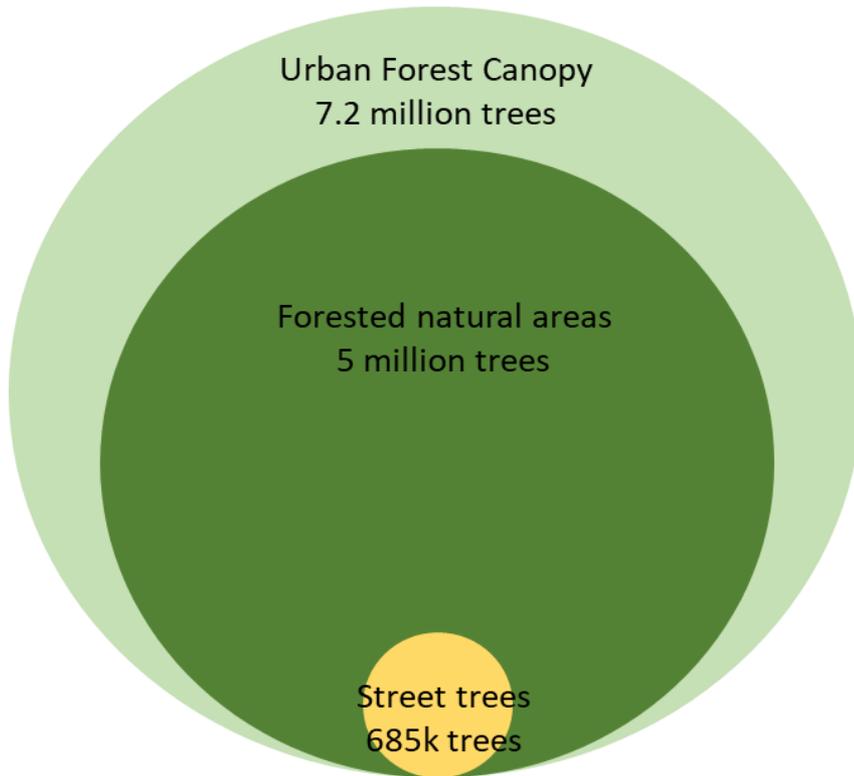
Urban forests lower local temperatures by up to 10 degrees Fahrenheit.

Urban forests save \$4.7 billion in electricity and \$3.1 billion in heating costs each year.

And they're good for communities and individuals!



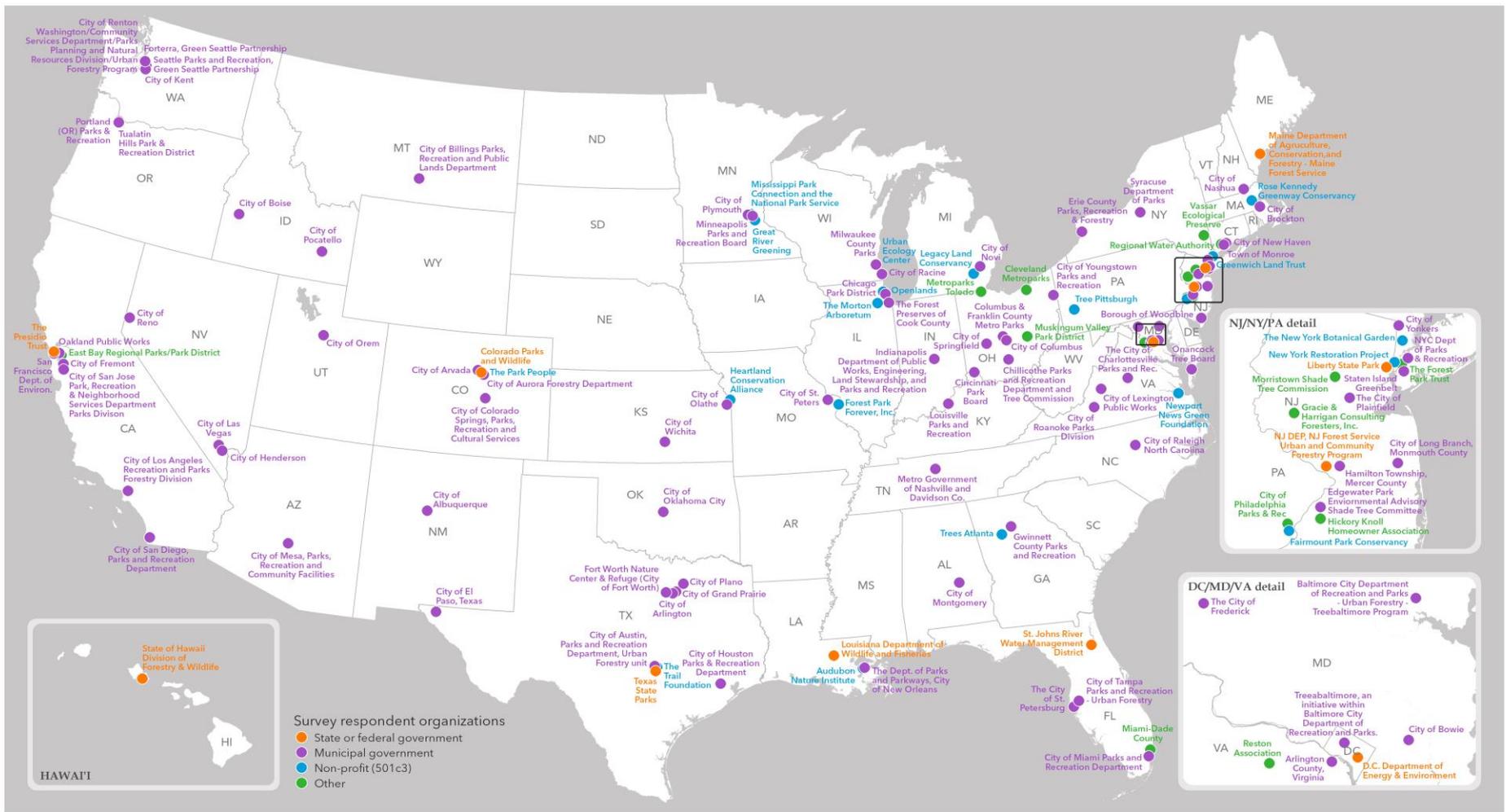
It's More Than Street Trees



In NYC:

Forested natural areas – 85% native
(natural regeneration)

Street trees – 43% native
(planted)



Organizations that work in urban forested natural areas



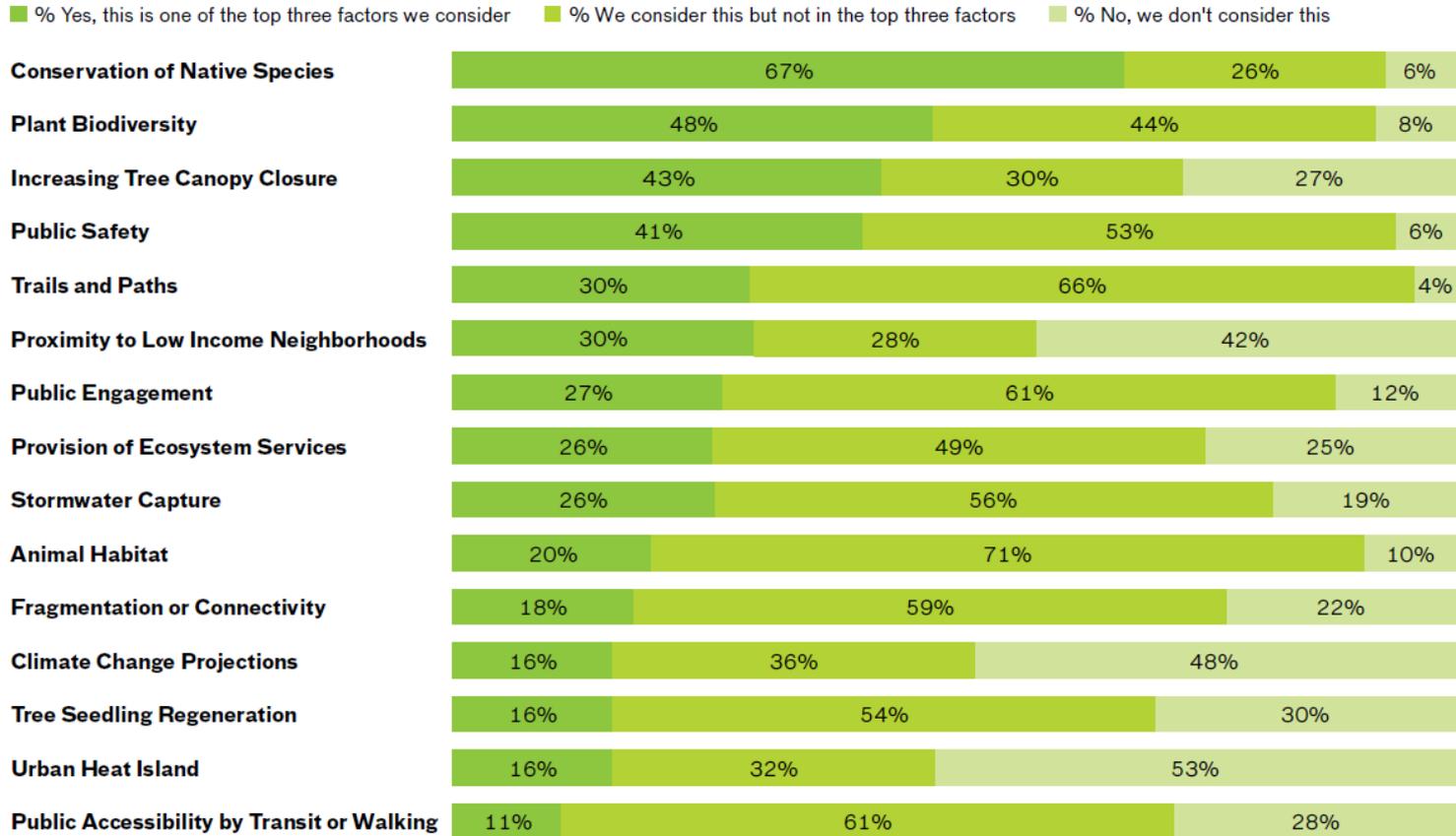
November 20, 2018. Copyright © The Trust for Public Land. The Trust for Public Land and The Trust for Public Land Logo are federally registered marks of The Trust for Public Land. Survey data provided by the Natural Areas Conservancy. Information on this map is provided for purposes of discussion and visualization only. naturalareasnyc.org www.tpl.org

- 84% of urban parkland are Natural Areas*. That's 1.7 million acres of natural areas in cities
- 82% of North Americans live in urban areas – that's 250 million people!



What Factors Do You Consider in Decision Making?

The proportion of factors considered in decision making by responding organizations. Each organization ranked the importance of the factors and the top three factors are shown.



Social Baseline

Proportion of respondents that have each type of ecological baseline data available and use it for decision making.

■ Yes, this information is used for making management decisions.

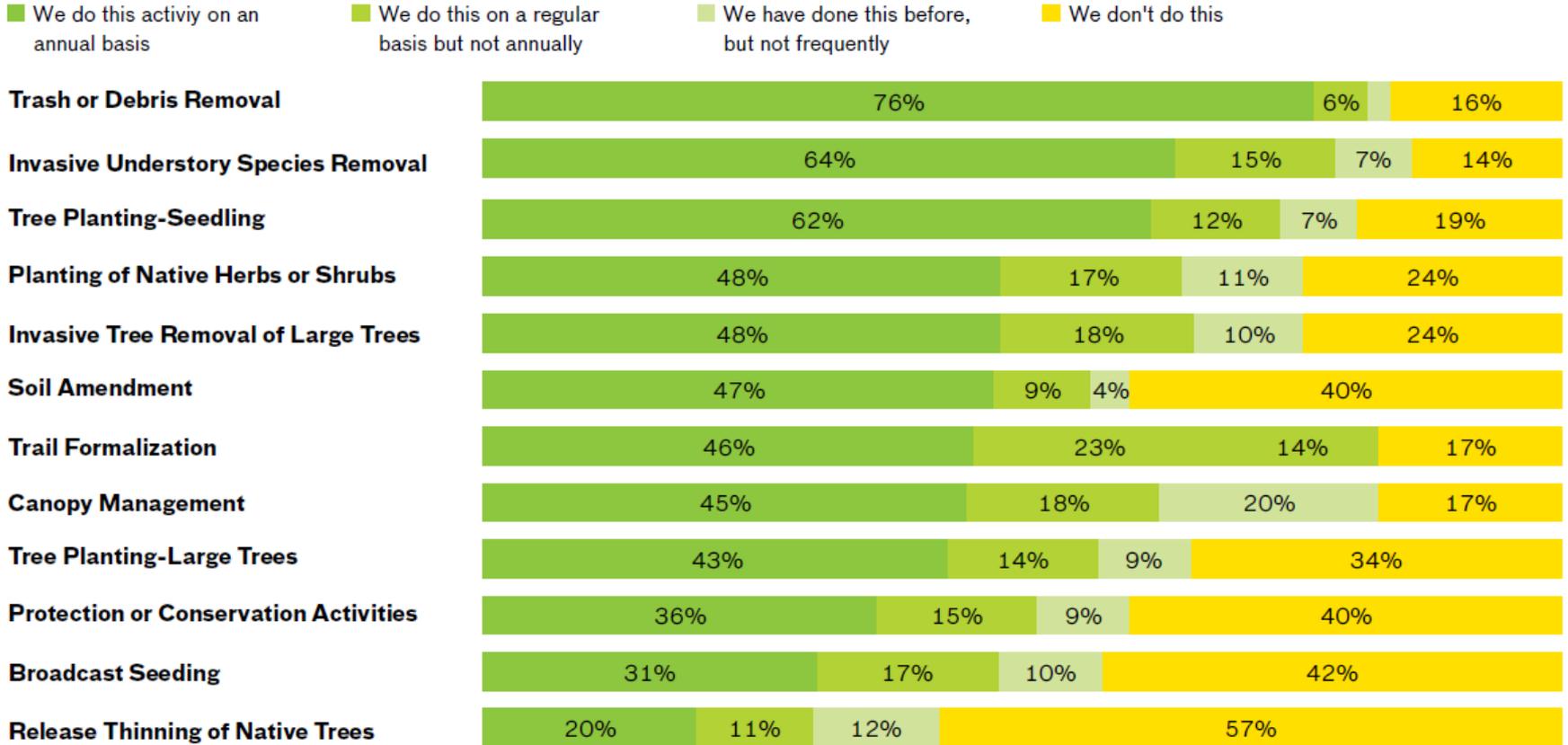
■ This information exists but it is not used for decision making.

■ This information exists but it is not used for decision making.



Types and Frequency of Management Activities

Proportion of respondents that conduct each management activity

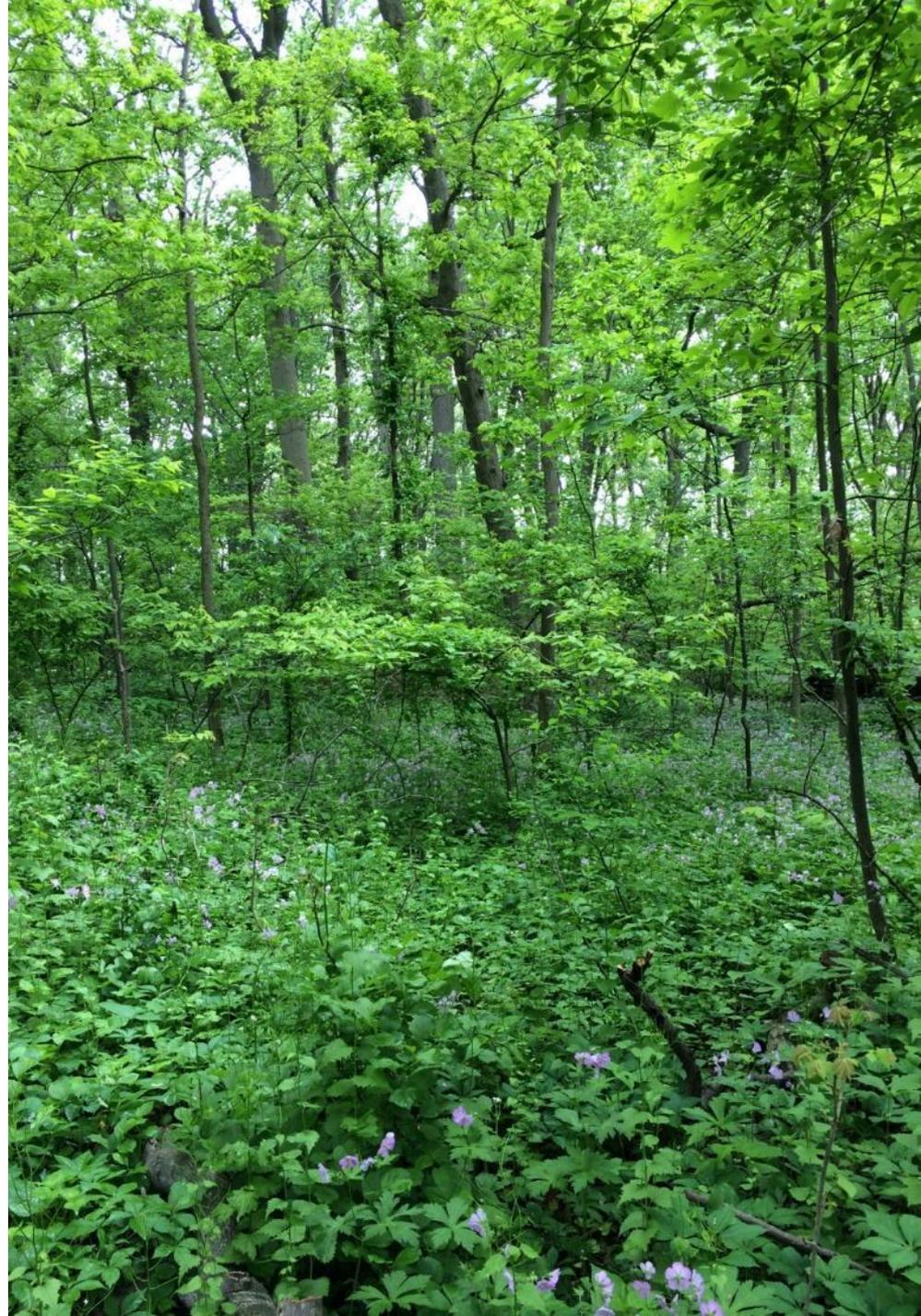


What We Learned?

Cities need best practices for management of natural areas.

Cities are disconnected and are working in silos – limited connection between resiliency efforts and natural areas management.

People value access to nature, but many urban natural areas are underutilized – need better design and more programming.



Opportunities

Forest management as a climate solution

Expand trails and access

Strengthen connection to public health

Expand funding for urban natural areas management

Bridge science and practice – tools + best practices

Learn More: www.naturalareasnyc.org



Thank You!

