

USDA Forest Service

URBAN FOREST CONNECTIONS

webinar series

Second Wednesdays | 1:00 – 2:15 pm ET

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Forest Service
Urban Natural Resources Stewardship

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CITIZEN SCIENCE AND OPEN DATA IN URBAN FORESTRY: OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES



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Trees and Citizen Science

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Opportunities

- Encourage public engagement with the urban forest
- Build interest in your organization's mission
- Explore different options for citizen science projects that vary in cost, time commitment, and location
- Gather data that your organization can share back with the public

Challenges

- Organizing and running a project requires resources
- Making a project accessible to many groups is important
- Keeping momentum after a single event can be difficult
- Reviewing and sharing the results of the project takes time

Citizen Science Examples

- **Casey Trees** – Tree inventory, temperature study, phenology study, i-Tree ecosystem analysis
- **TreeMapLA** – Thirsty Thursday tree mapping events
- **City of Edmonton, Canada** – Tree data made available on city's Open Data Portal and residents encouraged to log stories about the trees

Citizen science is the collection and analysis of data relating to the natural world. At Casey Trees our citizen science volunteers traverse the city collecting and documenting tree data that will be used to advance the field of urban forestry.

Text from Casey Trees website

Citizen Science Examples

- **The Greening of Detroit** - Interns and volunteers mapped over 20,000 trees and listed key data such as species and diameter in order to support tree maintenance
- **Canopy** – Young Tree Care Survey with reports made available online
- **Treezilla** – The “monster map of trees” tracks tree related data across Great Britain
- **Philadelphia Parks and Recreation** – Philly Forest Science project



How Do I Get Started?

- Consider what projects would be beneficial to both your organization and the citizen scientists
- Review similar projects at other organizations to generate ideas and discover lessons learned
- Decide the scope, timespan, and logistics for the project (number of participants, dates, etc)
- Create a plan for providing the results of the project to participants
- Share widely!

A green-tinted photograph of a tree-lined path in a park. The path is paved and runs through a grassy area with many trees. The text "Trees and Open Data" is overlaid in white, bold, sans-serif font in the center of the image.

Trees and Open Data

What is open data?

- Freely accessible structured data
- Often, but not always, related to governmental groups
- Available online, generally through data portals (i.e. <https://www.data.gov/>, <https://data.lacity.org/>, <https://data.cityofchicago.org/>)
- May be included in citizen science projects or on non-profit websites (i.e. eBird, Friends of the Urban Forest)

Opportunities

- Share data and encourage public engagement
- Generate interest for organization's mission
- Support new projects, collaborations, and applications based on open data sets
- Measure program effectiveness and find places for improvement

Challenges

- Data selection and organization require resources
- Accessibility involves more than just posting a CSV file
- Legal restrictions and liability concerns may limit what data is included
- Data must be discoverable and include a clear license



OpenDataVote

OpenDataVote encourages citizens to get involved in the process of open government and cultivates government transparency through the release of data.

- Held in Philadelphia in March – May 2017
- Builds on open data work such as Open Data Philly and the Open Data Race (2011)



OpenDataVote

PHASE 1

Nomination

Nonprofit organizations nominate one or more existing data sets that would be useful to the organization, but aren't currently available to the public.

PHASE 2

Voting

The general public votes for either their favorite organization or the data set they want to see released.

PHASE 3

Data Release

OpenDataVote Partners will work with government representatives to publish the data sets that receive the most votes from the public. Nonprofits will be awarded prize money from OpenDataVote Sponsors if their data nomination wins!



OpenDataVote

Results

3rd Place -



PHS PENNSYLVANIA
HORTICULTURAL
SOCIETY

- Seeking street right-of-way data to drive planting decisions and streamline the street tree approval and planting process
- Receives \$1,000 award
- OpenDataVote partners will work with the City of Philadelphia to release the applicable data.

ECOCAMP

- Workshop/unconference/hackathon organized in Philadelphia in June 2014
- Over ninety attendees from the environmental and tech communities
- Prompted the City of Philadelphia to release fifteen environmentally related datasets related to vacant lot clean-ups, rain barrel placements, street tree pruning, yard tree giveaways and more
- Mixed results



Photo credit: Azavea

OpenTreeMap Modeling and Prioritization

- Identify optimal planting locations based on existent data
- Project potential tree benefits and overall growth and mortality
- Uses open data available from the National Land Cover Database, US Census, and the Urban Tree Database
- Open data powers similar tools such as i-Tree Forecast and the Trees and Health App (<http://map.treesandhealth.org/>)

The screenshot displays the OpenTreeMap interface, which is used for modeling and prioritizing tree planting locations. The interface is divided into several sections:

- 1. Plant Some Trees**: This section allows users to add individual trees and distributions. It includes dropdown menus for species (Pin oak, Ginkgo, Red maple) and input fields for diameter (2 in).
- Tree distributions**: This section allows users to add distributions, including a table with columns for Trees, Species, and Diameter. The table shows 100 Red maple trees with a diameter of 2 in.
- Planting Area**: This section shows a map of the area being modeled, with a legend indicating planting areas based on priority. The legend includes categories such as Low Priority, Higher Population Density, More Vacant Housing, and More Tree Canopy Coverage.

The map shows a grid of planting areas, with a blue box highlighting a specific area. The legend indicates that areas with lower population density, less vacant housing, and less tree canopy coverage are considered low priority, while areas with higher population density, more vacant housing, and more tree canopy coverage are considered high priority.



**Open Data + Citizen Science =
Happy Trees and Happy People**

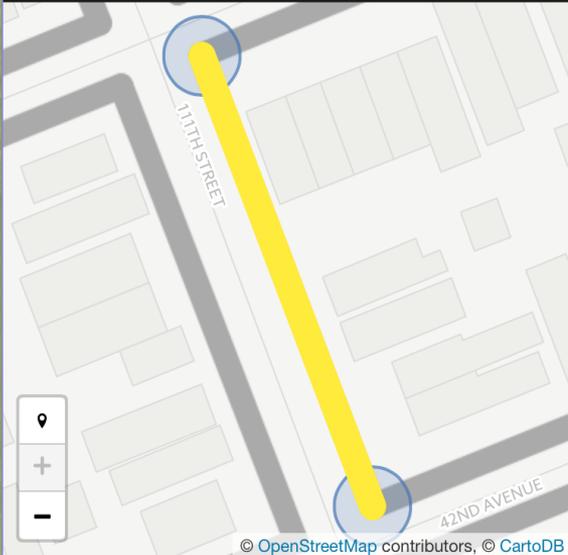
Most of the time....

TREES COUNT 2015

- From 2015-2016, 666,134 street trees on 131,488 blocks were mapped with the assistance of 2,241 volunteers who completed 34% of the census
- Data available at New York City Street Tree Map - <https://tree-map.nycgovparks.org/>
- Open Data Workshop using TreesCount data in June 2017
- More info available at <https://www.nycgovparks.org/trees/treescount>
- Open source code available at <https://github.com/azavea/nyc-trees>

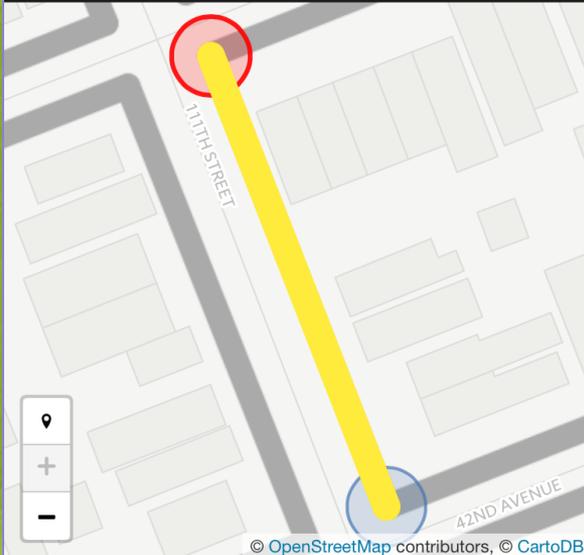


Photo credit: Deb Boyer



© OpenStreetMap contributors, © CartoDB

Select the block edge you would like to map and then choose a starting point.



© OpenStreetMap contributors, © CartoDB

What side of the street are you on?

Left

Right

Next

Treecorder

No Trees On This Block

Tree 1

Measurements

Distance to Tree

47.6

Location of Tree Bed

Along the curb

Offset from the curb

Tree Structure

Tree is alive

Tree is dead

Stump < 24"

Tree Trunk

Circumference

Tree Species

Species Name

Are you confident in this answer?

 Yes No Maybe

Perception of Tree Health

 Good Fair Poor

Tree Problems

Root problems

 Sidewalk or stones Metal grates Other

Trunk problems

 Wires or rope Lights Other

Branch problems

 Lights or wires Sneakers Other

Stump Size

Stump Diameter

Distance to End

TREES COUNT 2015

Individual Activity Report

Results for: **Deb**

Borough(s) surveyed: **Brooklyn**

18

Trees counted



8

Species counted



1

Events attended



0.6

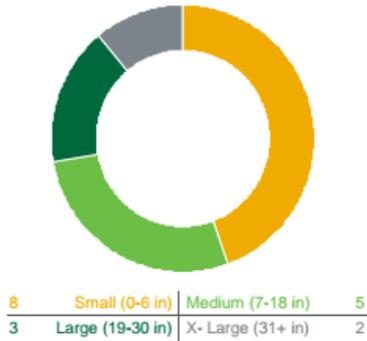
Miles walked



What five species did you see most often?

London planetree	6
swamp white oak	4
silver linden	2
northern red oak	2
pin oak	1

How big were the trees that you surveyed?



What else did you encounter?

Stumps	0
Tree guards	4
Damaged Sidewalk	4
Sidewalk/stones on roots	2
Metal grates	0
Wires/ropes on trunk	0
Lights on trunk	0
Lights/wires on branch	0
Sneakers on branch	0

Encouraging Public Involvement

- Personalized activity reports
- Regular updates on the census
- Incentives and learning opportunities



New York City Street Tree Map

Explore and Care For NYC's Urban Forest

- Home
- My ♥ Trees
- Learn
- Groups
- Log in or Register

Zoom to Location

- Share
- Tweet
- Favorite
- Report Problem

Littleleaf Linden ●

Tilia cordata

[Species Map and Details](#)



ID Number: 329817

Trunk Diameter: 25 inches

[Suggest an Edit](#)

Closest Address

264 EAST BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NY 10002



Filter Trees



Map Key: Tree marker color indicates species. Marker size indicates trunk diameter. Click on marker for full tree details.

How Do I Get Started?

- Meet with your coworkers and stakeholders to discuss data needs
- Create a plan for gathering and maintaining needed data (tree inventory, planting plans, tree care actions, etc)
- Advocate for city agencies to release data related to your mission
- Contact the OpenDataVote team if you would like to run a similar event in your city - <https://www.opendatavote.org/>
- Contact your city's open data portal if there is one or consider starting one using a toolkit such as CKAN or Socrata
- Explore various recommendations for data collection

- Explores how technology can be used to support the long-term systematic monitoring of urban trees
- Includes notes on several existing data collection tools
- Recommends data models and management plans
- Available on Treearch at <https://www.treearch.fs.fed.us/pubs/50926>

Data Management for Urban Tree Monitoring – Software Requirements

Prepared by Azavea for the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society and the USDA Forest Service



Urban Tree Monitoring Protocol

- Standardized protocol for tree data collection to support longitudinal studies of urban trees
- Protocol includes a Minimum Data Set and four Supplemental Data Sets (site, tree, management, community)
- Field guide available for the Minimum Data Set at www.urbantreegrowth.org

