

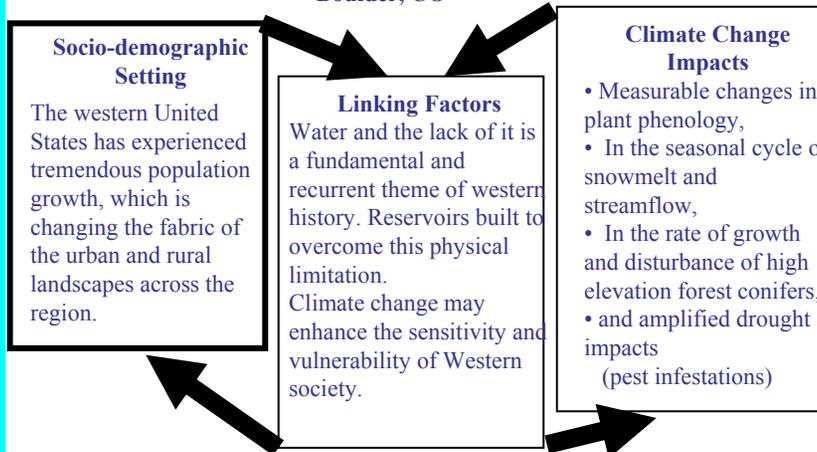


Climate LINKages of Upland—Lowland Environments (LINKUP)

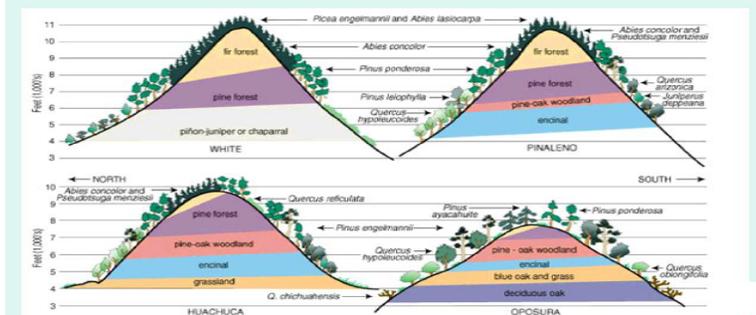
Henry F. Diaz

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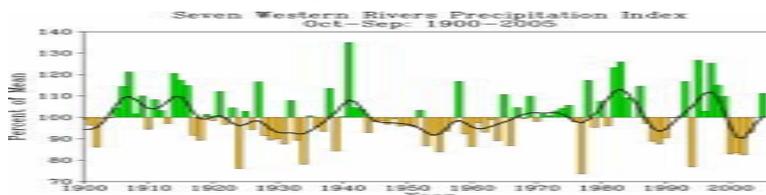
Boulder, CO



Cross-sections of Sky Islands "stacked" biotic communities



Vertically stacked ecosystems may experience large and irreversible impacts from climate change.

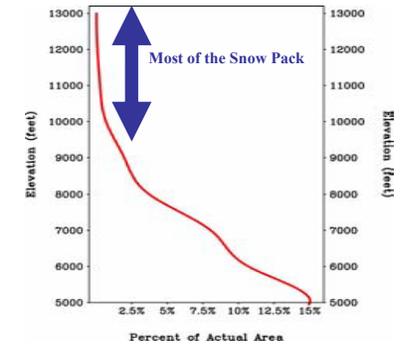
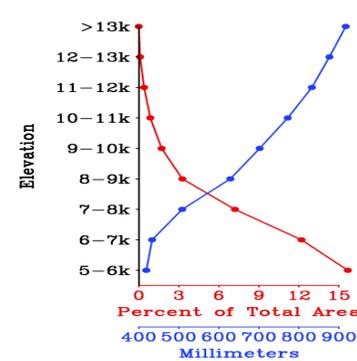


Index of 7 western rivers basin precipitation for the last 106 years

Vertically-Challenged: A Climate Program to Fit the Western Landscape

What do we need to know?

- ✓ How have surface temperature and precipitation changed in high relief areas of the West?
- ✓ Are these changes, if any, variable with respect to ground elevation?
- ✓ Are there north-south and east-west differences in the temporal behavior of the temperature and precipitation fields across the western landscape?



Mean precipitation in the western United States as a function of elevation. Also shown is the percentage of the total area within the indicated ground elevation segments

A conservative estimate of the percentage of actual area as a function of elevation intervals covered by station observations in the West. Values calculated assuming each station is representative of a 100-km² area.

Documented Changes in Western Climate

- ✓ Overall rise of ~1–3°F (0.5–1.5°C) throughout the elevational ranges of the Western Cordillera during the last 50 years.
- ✓ Precipitation changes are more variable, with increases in some areas and declines in others.
- ✓ These changes exhibit elevational differences.
- ✓ It appears that a shift toward a drier climate regime may have taken place in the West in the late 1990s.

What is needed?

CIRMOUNT

Consortium for Integrated Climate Research in Western Mountains

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Anticipating Challenges to Western Mountain Ecosystems and Resources