



# CONSUME v. 3.0

<http://www.fs.fed.us/pnw/fera>

## Introduction

Land managers use fire to maintain and restore ecosystems, reduce fuel loadings, expose mineral soil, improve wildlife habitat, and reduce the hazard of wildfire. As understanding of forest ecosystems has increased, forest managers have become more discriminating in their use of prescribed fire and managing wildland fire. Fires are now applied to satisfy land management objectives and benefit forest ecosystems as a whole.



Fuel consumption is a key variable in fire effects modeling and understanding when and how fire should be applied to meet site and landscape objectives while at the same time reducing air quality impacts. Until recently, much of the considerable research on fuel consumption focused on prescribed burning following logging in forested ecosystems.

FERA recently completed several fuel consumption studies with support from the Joint Fire Science Program in natural fuel environments to improve our understanding of fuel consumption in wildland fuels for shrublands (including chaparral, sageland and palmetto/galberry types), hardwood forests (including southern and eastern regions of the U.S.), and boreal forests (including white spruce, black spruce and hardwood forests of Alaska). Improved models of fuel consumption were incorporated into Consume v 3.0. We also resolved differences in fuel consumption between the relatively short flaming phase of combustion and the longer smoldering phase of combustion that generally contributes the majority of wildland fire emissions.

Consume v 3.0 reflects our improved understanding of fuel consumption and emissions in wildland fire throughout major fuel types in the United States. Consume v 3.0 is a decision-making tool, designed to assist resource managers in planning for prescribed fire, wildland fire for use, and wildfire. Consume predicts fuel consumption, pollutant emissions, and heat release based on a number of factors including fuel loadings, fuel moisture, and other environmental factors. Using these predictions, resource managers can determine when and where to

conduct a prescribed burn or plan for a wildland fire to achieve desired objectives, while reducing the impact on other resources.

## Fuel Consumption Research

Seventy-one sites were inventoried and burned in black and white spruce/hardwood forests (Alaska), chaparral (California), ponderosa pine/mixed-conifer forests (Oregon), and pine/hardwood forests (South Carolina, Tennessee, and Florida). Additionally, thirty-five sites were inventoried and burned in sagebrush on BLM, National Park Service, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lands in eastern Oregon, Nevada, Wyoming, Utah, and California. Data from all burns have been compiled and analyzed. Consumption models were built for fuel categories within the following fuelbed types: black and white spruce/hardwoods, longleaf and loblolly pine, ponderosa pine, grasslands, and sagebrush.

## Consume 3.0 Software

Consume 3.0 is a user-friendly software application designed for resource managers with some working knowledge of Microsoft Windows® applications.



Land managers and researchers input fuel characteristics, lighting patterns, fuel conditions, and meteorological attributes, and Consume outputs fuel consumption and emissions by combustion phase and by fuelbed category. Consume imports data from the Fuel Characteristic Classification System (FCCS), and outputs are formatted to feed other models and provide usable reports for burn plan preparation and smoke management requirements. Additionally, a tutorial and user's manual are available. Consume is applicable to most forest, shrub and grasslands in North America.

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## Visit the CONSUME Website at:

<http://www.fs.fed.us/pnw/fera/research/smoke/consume/>

