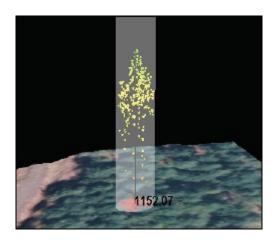


# **EXERCISE 3: SIMPLE MEASUREMENTS IN LDV**



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Fusion ver2.80



FUSION Tip - The order of display is important—you cannot display the draped orthophoto if you haven't already displayed the bare earth model.

## Introduction

In this exercise, you'll be using the fully-prepared example data to continue exploring Fusion and you'll learn the basics of making measurements in the LDV.

## **Prerequisites**

• Successful completion of Exercise 2 (Getting Started with Fusion)

## **Overview of Major Steps**

1. Make basic measurements in the LDV

## **Procedure**

#### Part 1: Make basic measurements in the LDV

- Start Fusion if needed and Load the project exer02.dvz from the C:\lidar\Fusion\_Projects folder.
- 2. Select a **stroked box sample** that includes trees.
- 3. *Type*, **Alt+u** to display the bare earth model and *Type*, **Alt+i** to display the orthophoto (see side bar note) on the surface model or access these options from the right-click menu. You are now able to visualize Lidar points within the measurement cylinder and view the corresponding area of the orthophoto.
- Right Click in the LDV window to activate the pop-up menu and Select, Measurement marker. This will change the display to an overhead view and show the measurement cylinder.
- 5. Move the cylinder by *holding down* the **Shift key** and typing with the arrow keys. Move the cylinder so that an individual tree is at its center.
- 6. Resize the measurement cylinder (Ctrl+Shift+Right mouse button + mouse drag up/down) to isolate the crown of a single tree.



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**FUSION Tip** -We're turning these options off because once we display the data that has the ground elevation subtracted from it, the bare earth surface will display above the lidar data in LDV.

## Measurement Marker — Quick Guide

Shift + Arrow keys: moves the cylinder

Ctrl + Shift + RMB drag up: increases cylinder size

Ctrl + Shift + RMB drag down: decreases cylinder size

**h** : moves the measurement marker to the top return in the cylinder

g: move the measurement marker to the lowest return in the cylinder (disabled if Subtracting ground elevations automatically)

**Enter**: records (in memory) the current X,Y,Z of the measurement marker.

- 7. Click and drag the data cloud with the **LMB** to view the cylinder from the side.
- 8. *Type* **h** to automatically move the cylinder to the highest lidar point. The value of the measurement marker location is displayed in the LDV's window.
- 9. To measure the ground elevation of this location, *Type* **g** to automatically move the cylinder to Lidar points corresponding to the ground surface.
- 10. You can now calculate this tree's height by simply subtracting the ground elevation from the tree-top elevation.

Another method to make similar measurements is to automatically subtract the ground elevations, let's do that now...

- 1. *Type* **Alt+i** to turn the display of the orthophoto off.
- 2. Likewise, *Type* Alt+u to turn the display of the bare earth model off (or turn these options off from the right-click menu).
- 3. Return to the Fusion window and *Click* the **Sample Options** button.
- 4. Enable the **Subtract ground elevations from each return** option and *Click,* **OK**.
- 5. *Click* the **Repeat last sample** button.
- 6. Notice that the sample area is "flat" in LDV and the elevation bar to the left is providing Height above ground.
- 7. Right Click in the **LDV window** to activate the pop-up menu and Select, **Image plate**(Alt-p) to turn the orthophoto on below the lidar data (you may have to zoom-out to see the image plate if you are zoomed-in).
- 8. *Right Click* in the LDV window to activate the pop-up menu and *Select,* **Measurement marker**.
- 9. *Move* and *resize* the cylinder as you did before to highlight a single tree (see side bar).
- 10. *Click and drag* the data cloud with the LMB to view the cylinder from the side.
- 11. Now, when you type  $\mathbf{h}$ , the measurement marker moves to the tree top and gives you the height of the tree (there is no need to type  $\mathbf{g}$  in fact, that function is inactive). If the height numbers are black and are hard to see with the background, use the right-click



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menu and *Click* on the **Color..** option and change the **Axis color...** to a contrasting color (white works well).

If you wish to take multiple measurements, you can record them to a CSV file (readable in Excel) by following these steps:

- 1. Move the measurement cylinder around using Shift + arrow keys and navigate to another tree.
- 2. Resize the cylinder to properly isolate a tree within the measurement cylinder. At the next tree, measure the tree top (*type* h and then **Enter**).
- 3. If you have disabled the **Subtract ground elevations...** option then you should also measure the ground surface (*type* **g** and then **Enter**)—otherwise there is no need to measure the ground surface.
- 4. Repeat this for two-three more trees.
- 5. Now *Right Click* to activate the LDV popup menu and *Select,* **Save measurement line**. This will allow you to save the measurements you recorded in a XYZ comma separated (.csv) file.
- 6. Navigate to **C:\lidar\SampleData**, and name your file **treeheights.csv** and *Click*, **Save**.
- 7. Launch Excel and *Open* **treeheights.csv** to view the measurements you recorded.

This concludes Exercise 3