

National Fire Plan

Shasta-Trinity National Forest

Pacific Southwest Region



Fire Hazard Reduction Projects

MT. SHASTA, Calif., - High fire hazard areas in untreated portions of the Wildland Urban Interface has increased the potential of wildfire impacting the Mt. Shasta community and adjacent national forest lands.

The Mt. Shasta I-Zone project, funded under the National Fire Plan, is designed to reduce fire hazard and the threat of wildfires in the Wildland Urban Interface. Fire suppression activities can take advantage of this defensible zone and will be able to increase the ability to safely protect the community and adjoining national forest when wildfires occur.

A defensible buffer is created around the community of Mt. Shasta by treating hazardous fuels on approximately 450 acres of national forest lands in the Wildland Urban Interface by mechanically and manually thinning, cutting, crushing and/or chipping trees and brush. Mechanically and manually piling, and then burning slash and hazardous concentrations of ground fuels that are surplus to wildlife habitat and soil conservation needs, completes the project.

By reducing the fire hazard and the threat of wildfires in the Wildland Urban Interface we can create a defensible zone where fire suppression activities to protect the community and adjoining national forest can be safely conducted when wildfires occur.