

Group	Issue	Why to be addressed first:	Why not to be addressed first:	General
Orange	A		smoke issue can be addressed later than B	
Orange	B	If addressed effectively, it should address A		
Orange	B & C	B and C are equal in priority. They have their own importances. Chaparral is encroaching on grasslands. Riparian areas are few and far between - more damage has occurred in those areas than from fire. A healthy and diverse ecosystem is dependant on B & C.		
Orange	C	Verde Valley riparian areas are more important than the fire issues. Species should be managed properly before considering fire management.		
Orange	D	Need to have recreation, but in a managed way. Recreation can be an issue with poor management. Needs proactive management. Need to provide diverse recreation opportunities, but need to manage it. Recreation is damaging riparian areas. Hayfield draw is a good example of controlled damage. Need to educate people.		
Orange	D	Should be addressed first.		
Orange	E	Overgrazing in E can cause F. We need to recognize the importance of grazing to the Verde Valley and its economic benefits.		
Orange	E		Can not plan by economics. This is a product of planning. If it is not economically feasible, it will not be done. Not as big an issue as D.	
Orange	F	F is similar to C.		
Orange	F & E			What is the link between grazing/non-grazing and non-native species?
Orange	F & E	Grazing has impacted riparian areas.		
Orange	F			Tied to fire restoration.
Orange	I	Water should be addressed first. Everyone needs water. Need to get ahead on water issue. All resources are impacted by water - timber, range, etc.		
Orange	I			Do wells on Forest and private land cause problems? How do impoundments on the Forest affect groundwater? Mining affects water quality.
Orange	G		Should be addressed after I.	
Orange	G			Land exchanges place different values to people next to the exchanged land versus at a distance.
Orange	G	Some land exchanges can be good. Need to consider resource values in exchange.		
Orange	G			Open space includes viewshed and watershed values.
Orange	G		If Yavapai Land Exchange goes away, G becomes less of an issue.	
Orange	H	Corridors fragment the Forest/habitats.		
Orange	H			Does the Forest get an economic benefit from corridors? Forest should get such a benefit.
Black	A	Medical offices are full with respiratory issues (children, elders). Smoke seeps into valley.		
Black	A			Should not burn where people live. Use alternatives - mechanical, etc. Timing of Rx burns - fall - weather
Black	B	recognize that fire is a necessary part of ecosystem. Control burns would eventually catch up with express fuels as years go by - less fuels.		
Black	B			Create biomass energy using Forest products as fuel reduction. How do we get there with minimized impact of smoke?

Black	C	There are other values of riparian areas also: clean water, etc.		
Black	C			How to get rid of invasive species? Important to protect Cottonwoods, Willows, etc. Balance in uses - responsible human use (recreation).
Black	D			Want to legally enjoy it all. Limit where destruction occurs. Better management of recreation areas - authorized use - OHV - shooting
Black	D	Older age groups access Forest by motorized means. More populations growth - need to protect areas. Need to address conflicts with OHV use.		
Black	E	Camping is good. People come from all over the world to hangglide, birdwatch, bike, etc. Tourism has a positive economic impact. We need our ranchers, sustain their importance.		
Black	E			Sustainability is key - respective people don't want to recreate in destroyed areas. Ranchers have lesser impact on land than OHVs. Higher fines to illegal users.
Black	F	Damage - increased trails and campsite garbage, damage to resources and grasses. Cattle roaming out of open gates and impacting/compacting soil and watershed. Need signing, public education and cameras.		
Black	F			Education of public - giant issue.
Black	G			Group disagreement on whether or not the Forest should conduct land trades and how that affects housing developments. Land trades sold benefit public interest. Possible trades to increase Forest land. Get inholdings back into Forest hands. Put developmnet close to city infrastructure and not out in the middle of the Forest. Goal should be to maintain the integrity of Forest Service lands. Cities and towns in planning should work with the Forest for managed access to Forest.
Black	G	Best living is when all government entities work together to protect open space.		
Black	H			Animal corridors are just as important as utilities and should be protected. Manage Forest for least impact on resources: "can we useone ditch?" Utilities need to collaborate together - put vegetation back. Limit on amount of utilities.
Black	I	Protect watershed. "Producing and maintaining healthy watersheds should be the most important work the Forest Service does. A health waterrshed means improved native grasses cover, diverse species, healthy riparian areas, more consistent supply of good quality water for people and wildlife."		
Black	I			Restrict dredging - minimize impact. Concern with irresponsible use of minig. Historic mining - superfunds needed to clean-up. If there were minerals in my property - how would I get rid of it?
Blue	A			Deal with smoke versus risk of fire. Smoke versus law - ADEQ law. How to control smoke levels and fire intensity trend - more intense smoke and burning - fear of worsening condition. Choice of burn days needs better management/choices. Avoid high smog (Phoenix) indexes - weather conditions need consideration.

Blue	B			Soil moisture content should be analyzed. Brushy species burned to preserve grasslands. Use Rx to restore historical conditions.
Blue	B	Recognize the value of managed fires - benefit to species.		
Blue	B		Rx may not be the best tool - impacting soils.	
Blue	C	Hugely important - riparian areas and plant communities improving with range management.		
Blue	C			Create riparian areas - though sometimes not successful.
Blue	D			Responsible recreation is fantastic but needs management. Hayfield Draw is a good idea. Don't remove opportunities but provide good management. More prevention of user conflicts. More economic opportunities could fund recreation opportunities. More developed sites instead of non-developed. Classify areas for specific uses (recreational). Authorized motorized uses causes sound pollution (echos) to communities.
Blue	E			Important fact - growing with population could be recreation - agriculture: major function on the Forest.
	E	USDA FS is a product of economic opportunities such as minig, recreation, range (cattle/sheep).		
Blue	E		Economic situation will increase importance of recreation on the forest.	
Blue	F			Stay within capabilities of the land. Eliminate non-native and restore native. Vegetative ground cover is essential for health of entire ecosystem. Sometimes man-made manipulation can enhance species diversity. Manage landscae versus non-managed caretakers (stewards).
Blue	F	Elimination of bare ground will improve native species and watershed health.		
Blue	G	That's why we moved here. Important for the future. Important to wildlife.		
Blue	G			Preserves the Arizona lifestyle. Keep in public land status.
Blue	H	Biggest problem Prescott NF has. Access is being impacted by subdivisions blocking Forest access.		
Blue	H			Forest needs easements across private land and locked fences. Poplation increase is gradual - but we need to address economic issues - need more corridors, access, infrastructure.
Blue	I		Important, but hands are ted by law - need surface and subsurface rights (groundwater). Keep the status quo and maintain balance.	
Blue				Balancing act with laws - need more plicing and uphold laws against industry. Review adequacy o law (congress). State owns water - need to change state law or congressional law to preserve Forest rights/ownership of wate rights. What can we do about it?
Blue		Protecting water is the highest priority.		