

Threatened, Endangered_Sensitive Species

Comment # Comment

- 0116-001 Endangered plant species surveys.
- 0116-002 Ornithology, surveys on endangered birds.
- 0265-002 2. A. Protect sensitive species and/or prevent species from being listed threatened or endangered.
- 0462-006 I also do not believe commercial harvesting of other forest products such as Amer. Ginseng should be allowed.
- 0467-012 Road impacts, cumulative and direct, on fish and wildlife should be included in the Forest Plan EIS, especially for sensitive species such as wolves, lynx, etc., and their prey species. The Forest Plan should address road corridor widths in relation to best management practices.
- 0467-013 Fish and Wildlife Habitat Management The long-term habitat and management requirements of sensitive species such as lynx, goshawk, olive-sided flycatcher, harlequin ducks, etc., should be discussed and provided for in the Plan. The tidal flats of the Copper-Bering River Delta provides critical stop over habitat for over 8 million shorebirds, primarily western sandpipers and dunlins, during spring migration. Similarly, shorelines on northern Montague Island and Green Island provide critical stop over habitat for black turnstones and surfbirds. Both of these sites qualify as Western Hemisphere Shorebird Reserve Network sites of hemispheric importance. Although the Copper River Delta is a designated WHSRN site, Montague/Green Islands have no designated protection. Additionally, the Black Oystercatcher population, a species on the Partners in Flight Watch List 1996, numbers 800-1,000 individuals in
- 0473-014 Also rare, threatened and endangered species should receive better study and more priority in overall management of the forest.
- 0479-034 Wildlife Viability: TWS would like the Forest Service to review scientific information and habitat needs of sensitive species, or "species of concern" on the forest, including Brown bear, Black bear, Wolf, North American lynx, Northern Goshawk, Marbled murrelet, Kittlitz's murrelet, Harlequin duck, Olive sided flycatcher, Alder flycatcher, Grey-cheeked thrush, Blackpole warbler, and possibly others, and develop a wildlife viability / habitat conservation plan for these species which is incorporated into the alternatives developed during the revision process. In order to do this, the Forest Service must first develop habitat capability index models for wolves, Harlequin ducks, lynx, 4 Marbled murrelets and goshawks, and for any other sensitive species or species of concern for which these models have not been developed.
- 0860-093 Endangered species listing for brown bear
- 0880-007 ? Acknowledge the Kenai River Special Management Area in S&Gs and possibly as a Management Area.
? Look at a management area encompassing the Kenai River Drainage