

## Appendix D

# Drought Management Guidelines

Drought management guidelines will be implemented according to recommendations found in *Drought Management on Range and Pastureland, A Handbook for Nebraska and South Dakota*, Nebraska Cooperative Extension EC 91-123, principal authors Patrick E. Reece, Jack D. Alexander III, and James R. Johnson.

Precipitation from the preceding two years, October through September, has a direct influence on forage production and range recovery in the upcoming year. The greatest emphasis is placed on precipitation in the immediate prior year because it has the greatest influence on vegetation in the upcoming year. Precipitation in the immediate prior year is weighted at 75 percent, while precipitation from two years prior is weighted at 25 percent. This method provides for range recovery, and if needed, an opportunity to reduce livestock numbers before winter costs are incurred. This prediction assumes that precipitation in the upcoming winter and spring will be near average. If precipitation levels differ dramatically from average, stocking levels will need to be adjusted further prior and during the current grazing season.

**During periods of drought, set the stocking rate based on the following formula:**

$$[(a \times .25) + (b \times .75)] / c \times d = \text{recommended stocking level}$$

a = precipitation 2 years prior from October thru September

b = precipitation 1 year prior from October through September

c = long term precipitation for the geographic area

d = permitted stocking level

**Example: Stocking level for 1999 grazing year**

a = 18 inches, October 1996 through September 1997

b = 12 inches, October 1997 through September 1998

c = 16 inches

d = 2,700 AUMs

$$[(18 \times .25) + (12 \times .75)] / 16 \times 2700 =$$

$$[(4.5 + 9) / 16] \times 2700 =$$

$$[ 13.5 / 16 ] \times 2700 =$$

$$.84 \times 2700 = 2278 \text{ AUMs recommended stocking level}$$

If the weighted average precipitation for the previous two years exceeds 100 percent of long-term average, the recommended stocking level cannot exceed the permitted stocking level to allow for recovery of the rangeland vegetation or other resource needs.