

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 FOREST SERVICE
 NORTHERN REGION

FOREST PLAN MANAGEMENT AREA MAP

IDAHO PANHANDLE NATIONAL FORESTS
 (KANIKSU, COEUR D'ALENE AND STJOE NATIONAL FORESTS)
 WASHINGTON, IDAHO AND MONTANA
 WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN, BOISE MERIDIAN
 AND
 PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

1987

Scale 1" = 1 Mile

- LEGEND
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| — National Forest Boundary | ● Forest Supervisor's Headquarters |
| — Adjacent National Forest Boundary | ▲ Game Refuge Station |
| — State Boundary Line | ▲ Forest Service Station |
| — County Boundary Line | ▲ Recreation Site, Other than Forest Service |
| — Section or Sub-Range Boundary | ▲ National Game Station |
| — Wilderness or Public Area Boundary | ▲ National Game Station |
| — Interstate Highway | ▲ National Game Station |
| — U.S. Highway | ▲ National Game Station |
| — State Highway | ▲ National Game Station |
| — Forest Road | ▲ U.S. Mineral or Location Monument |
| — Primary or Header Road | ▲ State, County or Local Park |
| — Old Road | ▲ Tourist's Monument |
| — Pipeline Road | ▲ Quarry or Landmark (Quarry, Army Station, etc.) |
| — Railroad | ▲ Camp or Cabin |
| — Abandoned Railroad | ▲ Shelter |
| — Power Transmission Line | ▲ Dam (Obstructed Water) |
| — Pipeline or Canal | ▲ Well |
| — Telephone or Cable | ▲ House, Cabin or other Building |
| — Unimproved road | ▲ Church |

- ▭ Idaho Panhandle National Forest Lands
- ▭ Other Ownership
- ⑥ MANAGEMENT AREA DELINEATION AND NUMBER
- ★ GRAZING AREA
- ▲ DEVELOPED RECREATION AREA
- ACTIVE MINING AREA
- RIPARIAN MANAGEMENT ZONE
- UTILITY CORRIDOR
- MAJOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY LOCATIONS
- KEY ELK AREAS

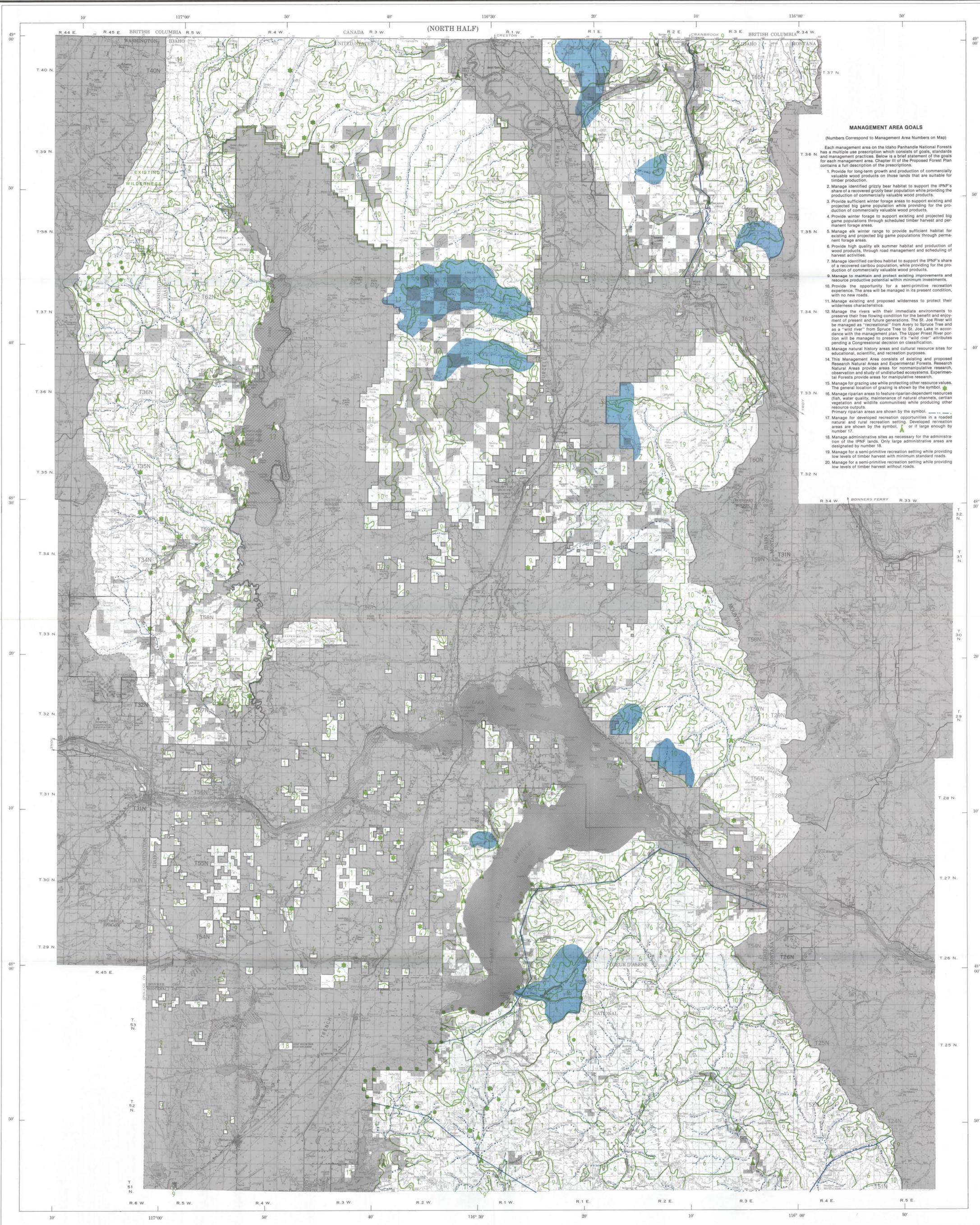
MANAGEMENT AREA GOALS

(Numbers Correspond to Management Area Numbers on Map)

Each management area on the Idaho Panhandle National Forests has a multiple use prescription which consists of goals, standards and management practices. Below is a brief statement of the goals for each management area. Chapter III of the Proposed Forest Plan contains a full description of the prescriptions.

1. Provide for long-term growth and production of commercially valuable wood products on those lands that are suitable for timber production.
2. Manage identified grizzly bear habitat to support the IPNF's share of a recovered grizzly bear population while providing the production of commercially valuable wood products.
3. Provide sufficient winter forage areas to support existing and projected big game population while providing for the production of commercially valuable wood products.
4. Provide winter forage to support existing and projected big game populations through scheduled timber harvest and permanent forage areas.
5. Manage elk winter range to provide sufficient habitat for existing and projected big game populations through permanent forage areas.
6. Provide high quality elk summer habitat and production of wood products, through road management and scheduling of harvest activities.
7. Manage identified caribou habitat to support the IPNF's share of a recovered caribou population, while providing for the production of commercially valuable wood products.
8. Manage to maintain and protect existing improvements and resource productive potential within minimum investments.
9. Provide the opportunity for a semi-primitive recreation experience. The area will be managed in its present condition, with no new roads.
10. Manage existing and proposed wilderness to protect their wilderness characteristics.
11. Manage the rivers with their immediate environments to preserve their free flowing condition for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations. The St. Joe River will be managed as "recreational" from Avery to Spruce Tree and as a "wild river" from Spruce Tree to St. Joe Lake in accordance with the management plan. The Upper Priest River portion will be managed to preserve its "wild river" attributes pending a Congressional decision on classification.
12. Manage natural history areas and cultural resource sites for educational, scientific, and recreation purposes.
13. This Management Area consists of existing and proposed Research Natural Areas and Experimental Forests. Research Natural Areas provide areas for nonutilitarian research, observation and study of undisturbed ecosystems. Experimental Forests provide areas for manipulative research.
14. Manage for grazing use while protecting other resource values. The general location of grazing is shown by the symbol: ★.
15. Manage riparian areas to feature riparian-dependent resources (fish, water quality, maintenance of natural channels, certain vegetation and wildlife communities) while producing other resource outputs. Primary riparian areas are shown by the symbol: —.
16. Manage for developed recreation opportunities in a wooded natural and rural recreation settings. Developed recreation areas are shown by the symbol: ▲ or if large enough by number 17.
17. Manage administrative sites as necessary for the administration of the IPNF lands. Only large administrative areas are designated by number 18.
18. Manage for a semi-primitive recreation setting while providing low levels of timber harvest with minimum standard roads.
19. Manage for a semi-primitive recreation setting while providing low levels of timber harvest without roads.

FOREST SERVICE MAP CLASS A
 Compiled in the Regional Office, Missoula, Montana in 1974 from
 U.S. Forest Service planimetric maps and U.S. Geological Survey
 topographic maps constructed by photogrammetric methods



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